The Wellsboro Gazette.

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Wellsboro Gazette.

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WELLSBORO, TIOGA COUNTY, PA.

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WRIGHT & CONEVERY,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

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1 Week	$1 00	$1 50	$2 00	$3 00	$4 00	$6 00	$10 00
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3 Weeks	2 00	2 50	3 50	5 00	6 00	10 00	16 00
1 Month	2 50	3 00	4 00	6 00	7 00	12 00	20 00
2 Months	3 50	4 00	6 00	8 00	10 00	15 00	25 00
3 Months	5 00	6 00	8 00	10 00	12 00	20 00	30 00
6 Months	8 00	12 00	16 00	20 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 Year	12 00	18 00	24 00	30 00	36 00	60 00	100 00

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BUSINESS CARDS.

GEO. W. MERRICK. ROBT K. YOUNG.

MERRICK & YOUNG,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Wellsboro, Pa. Office in Cameron & Packer's new block.—May 14 '88.

H. P. ERWIN,

MERCHANT TAILOR, Wellsboro, Pa. Fine custom tailoring at fair prices. Good fit guaranteed in every case. Shop over *Agitator* office.—Nov 19, 1890.

WRIGHT & CONEVERY,

JOB PRINTERS, in Wright's new block, Main street, over the drug store. All kinds of Plain and Ornamental Job Printing executed with neatness and dispatch.

FRANK H. ROSE,

DENTIST. Office over C. C. Mathers & Co's. store, Wellsboro, Pa. Preserving of the natural teeth a specialty. All work warranted to give satisfaction.—Nov. 23, 1885.

F. C. WASHBURN,

PRACTICAL GUN SMITH, also Dealer in Revolvers, Pistols, Gun Powder, Shot and Fishing Tackle. Repairing neatly and promptly done. First door below Pemberton House.

GEO. W. NAYLE,

HARNESS MAKER, Crafton Street, between Main and Pearl, Wellsboro, Pa. Light and Heavy, Double and Single Harness made to order on short notice. The largest stock of Horse Furnishing Goods in Tioga county.—Mar. 6, 1890.

O. H. DAVIS,

GENERAL INSURANCE AGENCY. Established 1871. Leading English and American companies represented. Special facilities for handling insurance on farm property. Office on second floor in Wright's Block, next to Gazette office, Main street, Wellsboro, Pa.—Nov. 28, 1888-ly.

RAILWAY GUIDE.

FALL BROOK COAL CO'S RAILWAYS.

Tioga Road. May 18, 1890.

Syracuse, Geneva & Corning Division.

Going North (Read up)			STATIONS.	Going South (Read down)		
6	4	2		1	3	5
P.M.	P.M.	A.M.		A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
6 25	2 35	9 35	Lyons	7 25	10 15	6 25
7 55	1 55	9 25	Geneva	8 20	12 40	8 50
7 25	1 25	8 53	Dresden	8 53	1 25	7 25
7 00	1 05	8 35	Penn Yan	9 07	1 45	7 40
6 50	12 55	8 25	Dundee	9 18	2 15	7 52
6 27	12 38	8 02	Watkins Gln.	9 42	2 43	8 13
6 00	12 20		Montour Falls	9 58	3 00	8 28
5 40	12 10	7 15	Dp Corning Ar	10 30	4 00	9 00

Corning, Cowanesque & Antrim Div.

8	10	8	STATIONS.	1	3	7
P.M.	A.M.	A.M.		P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
2 50	.....	.....	Dp Antrim Ar	7 00	.....	.....
3 10	.....	.....	*Summit	12 42	.....	.....
3 35	.....	.....	*Round Top	12 20	.....	.....
3 50	11 45	7 05	WELLSBORO	12 15	6 10	7 20
3 57	11 52	7 12	Stokesdale	12 08	6 02	7 15
4 05	12 15	7 18	Stokesdale Junc.	12 05	6 00	7 10
4 11	12 22	7 25	Niles Valley	11 45	5 41	7 00
4 15	12 30	7 31	Middlebury	11 40	5 36	6 55
4 18	12 50	7 37	Holiday	11 40	5 33	6 55
4 25	12 55	7 43	*Farnsworth	11 25	5 20	6 38
4 30	12 59	7 50	*Thos	11 20	5 15	6 28
4 38	1 02	7 55	Lathrop	11 16	5 10	6 23
4 47	1 10	8 04	*Impassable	11 08	5 02	6 15
.....	1 18	8 11	Lindley	11 02	4 48	6 15
5 10	1 21	8 20	Presho	10 53	4 38	6 06
5 30	1 50	8 40	Ar Corning Dp	10 35	4 15	5 45

Pine Creek Division.

10	6	8	STATIONS.	1	3	
P.M.	P.M.	P.M.		P.M.	P.M.	
.....	12 15	4 15	WELLSBORO	11 45	5 35	.....
.....	12 08	4 08	Stokesdale	11 38	5 46	.....
.....	12 05	4 05	Stokesdale Junc.	12 05	6 00	.....
.....	11 41	3 50	*Marsh Creek	12 17	6 14	.....
.....	11 31	3 43	*Arnolds	12 25	6 20	.....
.....	11 25	3 35	*Four Mile Run	12 32	6 30	.....
.....	11 00	3 27	*Wadsington	12 42	6 41	.....
.....	10 40	3 10	Blackwell's	1 15	7 15	.....
.....	10 30	3 00	Cedar Run	1 25	7 30	.....
.....	8 55	2 15	Waterville	3 15	8 27	.....
.....	8 00	1 45	Jersey Shore	3 45	9 00	.....
.....	7 25	1 05	Williamsport	4 20	9 45	.....
.....	P.M.	P.M.		P.M.	P.M.	

Cowanesque Branch.

12	6	8	STATIONS.	1	7	23
P.M.	P.M.	A.M.		P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
6 00	5 20	8 40	Ar. Corning Dp	10 35	5 45	6 20
4 28	4 40	7 55	Lawrenceville	11 15	6 25	6 05
3 38	4 18	7 08	Nelson	11 37	6 48	8 53
3 10	4 01	7 55	Elkland	11 50	7 01	9 30
2 00	3 40	7 00	Osceola	11 55	7 06	9 40
1 30	3 20	6 30	Academy Corners	12 40	7 40	10 10
9 58	3 12	6 15	Knoxville	12 10	7 10	10 17
2 03	3 03	6 08	Cowanesque	12 20	7 20	10 48
1 48	3 01		Tioga	12 27	7 40	11 00
1 55	3		Tioga Brook	12 37	7 50	11 23
1 10	2		Elmer	12 23	7 53	11 30
1 05	2		Harrison Valley	12 45	8 00	11 45

FALL BROOK COAL CO'S RAILWAYS. Tioga Road. May 18, 1890. Trains leave Blossburg at 12:45 and 6:00 p. m. Arrive at Fall Brook at 12:45 and 6:00 p. m. Returning, leave Fall Brook at 1:40 and 7:00 p. m. Somerville at 2:20 and 7:40 p. m.

Spring Brook Line, CONNECTS at Tioga with Fall Brook Coal Co's. N. Y. C. & H. R. R. make close connections at Sicenport with Lyons to Syracuse, Boston, Rochester, and all points West. Geneva, C. & H. R. R. Dresden, R. R. Railway. Himrod, Corning, S. G. & C. R. R., and Penn Yan.

Additional trains leave Arrive at Stanton at 11:45 a. m. and 5:30 p. m.

FRANK M. PARKER, Supt.

Fresh Shell and Tub Oysters and Clams

RECEIVED DAILY AT THE

PARLOR RESTAURANT

Meals at all hours. Lunch and Retail.

Fate has cut us the tale of a mule which from overdriving escaped about not for any living to mingle. "My master, surely, was a high mettled racer, and I am his own child by his own dam," spirit. "Nay, be was nice and weary he then exclaimed, "I must have made a mistake, my father, after all, could have been only an ass. A man, after eating a good dinner, may feel extraordinary exhilaration, but they don't mean one to imitate his example and keep early the stomach, liver and bowels regular and in order. If you are sluggish, dyspeptic and "out of sorts" in general, try Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It is an unequaled Remedy. Contains no alcohol to inebriate, no syrup or sugar to ferment and derange the digestive processes. It cleanses the system and cures pimples, blotches, eruptions and all Skin and Scalp Diseases. Scrofulous affections, as Fever-sores, Hip-Joint Disease, Swellings and Tumors, yield to its superior alterative properties.

World's Dispensary Medical Association, Manufacturers, Buffalo, N. Y.

$500 REWARD offered for an incurable case of Catarrh in the Head, by the proprietors of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. Only 50 cents. Sold by druggists everywhere.

NO OLD STOCK,

All new and of the finest finish and latest patterns can be seen at

WHEELER'S

FURNITURE STORE,

Opposite the Coles Hotel.

Velvet Couches, Ladies' Cabinets and Parlor Suits, Fancy Plush Chairs of Oak, Walnut and Mahogany,

BED ROOM SUITS

of the finest finish and prices and cheaper than any place in Tioga county.

CALL AND EXAMINE PRICES.

Goods delivered any where within a circuit of five miles free of charge.

UNDERTAKING.

Having an elegant hearse and other necessaries we are prepared to carry on the undertaking business in the best and most satisfactory manner. Respectfully solicit a share of the public patronage, feeling confident that we will give satisfaction both as to promptitude and price.

C. J. WHEELER.

New Firm.

Doumaux & Riberolle.

Having purchased the grocery store of Sexton & Seely, Main street, (Wright's old stand) and made additional improvements in the stock, we are now ready for business and invite everybody to call and see us. Time specially to Pine

Pork, Flour, Feed and Meal in any quantity.

CANNED GOODS

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. A LARGE LINE OF GARDEN SEEDS.

Our Clover and Timothy Seed

is very superior. We can recommend it to our customers that is to be found in a first-class grocery. A call will convince you.

DOUMAUX & RIBEROLLE.

Wellsboro, April 24, 1890.

HUBB YOUNG, Pres't. W. D. VANHORN, Cashier.

—THE—

Wellsborough National Bank

ORGANIZED, OCT. 9, 1888. CHARTERED, NOV. 10, 1888.

Capital paid in, - - - $50,000
Authorized Capital, - - $150,000

DIRECTORS.

JESSE HOYT, JOHN N. BACHE,
B. [illegible] JAS. TURNS,
A. [illegible] C. DEANE,
H. [illegible] D. VANHORN,

[illegible] are authorized to the [illegible] Issuers for [illegible] point in [illegible]

[illegible] and H

GARDNERS

Insurance Agency

WELLSBORO PA

Imperial of London, Hartford, American Central, Springfield, Citizens, Fidelity and Casualty

Fire Insurance. Accident Insurance. Life Insurance. J. A. GARDNER. Wellsboro Pa. January 1, 1890.

FRED BLACK,

Merchant Tailor

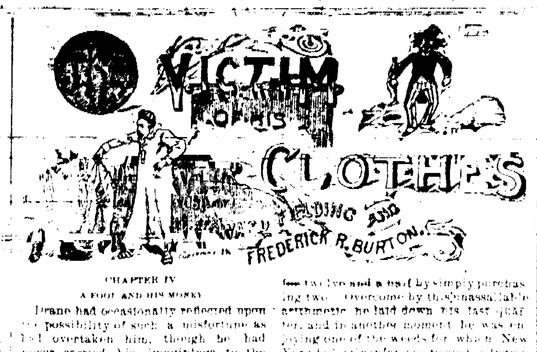
HAS JUST RECEIVED A FINE LINE OF

SPRING GOODS

All the Newest Styles. First work guaranteed.

Wellsboro, March 1, 1890.

TOGEL



CHAPTER IV

A FOOL AND HIS MONEY.

Drane had occasionally reflected upon the possibility of such a misfortune as had overtaken him, though he had never carried his imaginings to the point which the actualities of the case had reached. He had supposed in a general way that there were plenty of things to be done by a man in such a position, but when he came over the first his mind he realized that every step of action involved painful hesitation. He knew that there were many charitable organizations which sometimes assisted the distressed, and at other times distressed the assisted; but he could not remember the names or addresses of any of them, with the single exception of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals. It hadn't come to that yet, he thought, but there was no telling when it would. He had gone to sleep a gentleman and had waked up a tramp; an equal drop in the next twenty-four hours might make him a chimpanzee or a cow.

The thought was not pleasant, and it aroused Drane to desperation. Either that or his hunger stimulated his memory, for he suddenly recalled the fact that a gentleman with whom he had had some dealings by letter was in business on Murray street. He asked a policeman where that was, and the reply fairly staggered him. It was miles away. He felt that he should fall dead of hunger before he covered half the distance.

He leaned against a lamp-post in utter weariness, and closed his eyes. Then he heard a woman's voice behind him, saying: "I hoped that you would come to see me, Mr. Bowers, and I have waited to thank you again for what you did to help me."

"When I heard your voice," said Drane, turning to greet his acquaintance of the morning, "I thought I must have died of starvation, and been admitted to paradise through a mistake in the records. You can not imagine what friendly words are to a man in my position."

"And have you really suffered from hunger?" she exclaimed, while the tears came to her eyes. "Ah, that is horrible! Take this" (and she put a silver dollar into his hand); "it should be multiplied a thousand-fold if I could, but prove my identity, and then I should feel that I had done but little for you there, do not say a word now. I know that you will repay me. Oh, dear me! there is Mrs. Bowers; she is coming down the street, she will be home in a moment. Hurry away, but write to let me know that you have come out of all your difficulties."

"What shall I call you?"

"Oh, dear! I don't know; I can't think of any place at all except that park where we met."

"That's hardly an address, you know," said Drane, trying to be blithesome, though Mrs. Bowers was bearing down upon them very fast. "I might try the general post-office, but I don't know your name and—"

"And it isn't necessary that you should," put in Mrs. Bowers. "Come along, my good girl. He is not a fit acquaintance for you."

She dragged the younger woman away, and gave her no chance to reply. Lawrence, half crazed at being thus interrupted, was following them when a hand was laid upon his shoulder; and, as he turned about, the policeman who had directed him to Murray street stood before him.

"Look here, young feller," said he, "I saw de young woman give you something, and that's enough for you, see? Don't you follow her no more."

Drane couldn't abide the idea of another intercession, and he obeyed the policeman's instructions, with wrath in his soul. And yet, when he cooled down a bit, he perceived that his condition had been ameliorated to the extent of one silver dollar, a consideration by no means to be overlooked. He had now two and a half by simply purchasing the overcoming by the Samaritan's sentiments he had down his last half and in another moment he was on the way to one of the wards for men. New York is justly infamous to such a degree as he had never supposed a good deal in his life. But he was penniless again.

He crossed to the Park with a firm step, and his head in the air. He knew where floating away in search of the horses were high. He walked down Murray street and quickly found the number he sought. The name Richard H. Billings, in white letters on a window of the lower story, set all doubts at rest; and, indeed, the man himself sat at a desk in plain view from the sidewalk. Lawrence identified him at once from description, and he felt that he was saved.

Mr. Billings, however, was engaged in earnest conversation, and Lawrence, after staring at him a minute through the window, decided to walk around the block and give him a chance to finish his business. When he had completed the circuit Mr. Billings was no longer in sight. The rolling top of the desk was closed, and when Drane noted that fact his heart stood still. He hurried into the office.

"Mr. Billings has just left for the Grand Central depot," said an office boy. "He is going on to Boston to-night. If you hurry up there you can catch him. Have you got a message for him?"

"No; I wish to see him personally."

"Go on," said the boy, "you want to strike him for the price of a beer."

Drane could not wait to reprove the youth for his impudence. He was in too much of a hurry to get to the depot. He learned that the train which Mr. Billings was to take left at six o'clock. It was then half-past five.

When he had reached the street he reflected that it would be necessary to know where the Grand Central depot was, before going there. He had supposed that if it was "central" it must be near at hand, and he learned with horror that it was more than three miles away. To reach it on foot in time was out of the question, and he had not a cent!

He cursed his folly in leaving Billings' door unguarded, and was inclined to be offended with Billings for going to Boston. The world had turned blue again. He could see nothing ahead of him but another night in the street.

For the next three hours he wandered about the lower part of the town, and at three o'clock he found himself in front of the Pennsylvania railroad ferry-house at the foot of Cortlandt street. Then the thought came over him like a flash: "This road goes to Trenton. Bob Tyler—my old friend Bob—lives there, and he'll let me have a thousand quicker than a wink if I can only reach him."

But how to do it? Supported by a good dinner he would have strolled along the ties cheerfully, but a ferry was a different matter. How he regretted the extravagance that had left him penniless!

Across the street from the ferry was a little "high stoop" house used as an hotel. Lawrence had come to the conclusion that he must look up some charitable institution and ask for a night's lodging, and with this purpose in mind he entered the hotel office and asked to see the directory. While he was consulting it a man with a concertina in his hand dropped into a chair near him.

"Hello, Billy," said the clerk to the new arrival, "where's your sidepartner?"

"I donno," replied Billy. "Guess he's in the jug. I haven't seen him since the three o'clock boat this morning."

"Going to play a lone hand to-night?"

"Guess I'll have to. I can do the dancing all right, but I can't sing. You'd better come along, Jimmy, and try your little song on the public."

Jimmy laughed, and it was evident that the offer was intended as a joke; but it set Lawrence thinking. The man with the concertina took a seat in a remote corner and appeared to be somewhat downcast. Lawrence approached him.

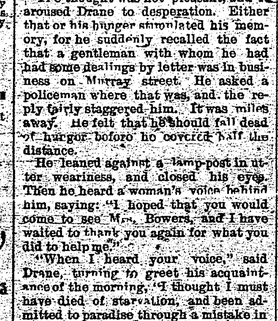
"Did I understand you to say that you were going to give an entertainment somewhere and desired a singer?" he asked.

Billy looked up with an amused stare.

"Can you sing?" he inquired. "No foolin', now. I took a feller on his word some years ago, and when he opened his mouth aboard the ferry-boat the passengers came pretty near throwin' us both overboard."

"I didn't know that entertainments were allowed on the ferry-boats," said Lawrence. "There was a sign prohibiting such things on the boat I came over in."

"Don't worry about the sign," said Billy. "I stand in with all the night crews. Now can you sing, honest? What do you sing? All the old chestnuts I have to use is sample. If it's a parlor,



a square [illegible] by which [illegible] For I was [illegible] about [illegible]

ladies' side.

"We'll have to wait till she starts," said Billy. "That's the rule, and perhaps it's just as well. None of 'em can escape after you begin to sing."

Drane shivered. "I'm a little nervous about those new songs," Billy acknowledged. "Do you think I'd better try to foller along or strike one chord all the time and take my chances?"

"Billy," replied Drane, pointing to the concertina while the cord perspiration gathered on his brow, "if you let that thing break loose while I'm singing I'll throw you overboard."

"Oh, I'll handle her easy-like," said Billy. "Don't you worry about me. Go ahead now. She's started."

Billy pushed Drane out into the cabin and then called for a few airs from the concertina by way of preface. When he had finished, Drane began. He was known as a "Sports Goodell," which is suited to a high tenor voice, but not to an audience of New Jersey ferry-boat returning to their homes in the dead of night. After the first few melodious notes had agitated the air, an intoxicated citizen waked up with a start and shouted: "Say boss, quit that and sing something we all know. Sing 'Annie Laurie.'"

The inebriate started his favorite song in a voice much the worse for liquor, and both he and Drane were having a very bad time of it, when Billy, thinking it his duty to help his partner in distress, came to the rescue with a concertina accompaniment, fortissimo, which passed from one key to another like a gentleman struggling with a series of epileptic fits. Several persons near the door escaped, and others were on the point of following their example. Drane kept his tune and his temper for about a minute; and then, turning suddenly, he kicked Billy's concertina clear to the roof of the cabin and fled in disgust before it came down.

When he reached the bow of the boat she was just making a landing, and in another minute the gates were opened and he walked ashore. He lingered a moment in the ferry-house with the idea of apologizing to Billy and pleading temporary insanity, but that individual did not appear. The crowd surged off the ferry-boat, and hurried by Drane. One lady evidently recognized him, for he heard her say to her escort: "Poor fellow, his voice must have been wonderful before he ruined it by drink."

Riddled by this double-barreled insult, Drane hung his head and made off up street, which runs parallel with the Pennsylvania tracks for a few blocks. At the first crossing he turned to the right and passed over the confusion of rails at the imminent risk of his life. There is no more dangerous place on the face of the earth, but Drane was in a condition of mind where collision with a shifting engine would have been a relief to his feelings.

A freight train was being made up on a side track, and Drane crawled along in the shadow of it till he came to a car which looked as if it might be entered. He was on the point of trying it, when a figure appeared from the shadows. Drane was about to run, but perceiving that the other man had a similar intention, he understood the case at once.

"Hold on," said he. "I won't hurt you. I'm looking for a free ride on this train, and so are you. Isn't that so?"

"You're called it, boss," said the fellow, "that's my game."

"Well, I'm in with you," returned Drane. "You know more about this business than I do. What shall we do?"

The tramp answered by deeds, not words. He pried open the door of the car and crawled in. Drane followed. The car appeared to be freighted with pig-iron or some other heavy substance of which very little made a load, for there was plenty of room. Drane and his companion found the most comfortable place they could in the darkness. To the former's great relief the train soon started and ran with no stop for nearly an hour. Then there came a halt. Presently Drane heard a man stop just outside the door by which they had entered.

"Jimmy," said a voice, "somebody's been getting into this car."

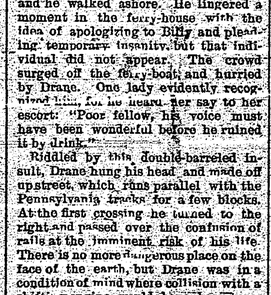
"Thunder and turf," whispered the tramp, "we're in for it now. They'll send us up. There's just one chance for us. You stand on one side of the door and I'll stand on the other. When they climb in we'll make a break."

That was exactly what they did, and as Drane happened to jump out directly upon the head of the brakeman on guard, they escaped.

In the lee of a fence, a few minutes later, Drane was joined by his late acquaintance, whom he had outrun with ease. Two or three others struggled up immediately after.

"They've cleaned all the boys off the train," the tramp explained. "We're hung up here for sure."

There was a hasty consultation, and from it Drane learned that they were near an old barn which was well-



[illegible] when the profession assembles?"

"He'd represent all the liars in it," responded another, "in a way that would more than do 'em justice."

"I can't promise to go," said Drane, "but the first man of you who finds me in Kansas City and learns the truth of what I have told you shall have a hundred dollars and a chance to go to work."

"I'm not my chance in that hundred for a pound of pegs," said the man who had put Drane in nomination for the convention. "As for the chance to go to work, I don't want it. I'll give it away.

Altogether, Drane did not find this assemblage of the unfortunate so interesting as he had thought it might be. He withdrew from the circle soon and climbed high upon the hay till the rafters were just over his head. Then he lay down to sleep and dreams carried him to other and far different scenes.

At first there were pictures of home, and then the familiar faces faded away and in their place came one which had imprinted itself on his heart more clearly than he knew—the face of the woman whom he had befriended and who in turn had remembered him.

Through strange and difficult paths he was pursuing her. There was danger around them both. Suddenly he overtook her and tried to speak to her, but his voice would not come. He was choking. She seemed to read the agony in his eyes, for her face grew pitiful. He was dying at her feet. The hot sun cast a terrible red glare upon him. It was descending from the heavens to burn him to a cinder.

With a struggle he threw the hideous vision from him and awoke. The red glare was still in his eyes, the choking in his throat. The barn was on fire. Already the hay below him was blazing, cutting off his escape. The smoke was like a visible demon clutching him. He groped to the wall and put his lips to a little space between the boards, seeking for air, but the hot vapor from within rushed out, and he could not breathe.

The thought of death in that strange place crowded upon him—a fate of which those who loved him would never hear—his ashes scattered to the winds. Frantically he struck the board before him with his clenched hand. It yielded. Hope sprang up in his heart. He rained blows upon the rotten wood, till he beat it from its fastenings, and then with a last effort he forced his body through the opening and swung himself to the ground.

(To be continued.)

RAISING THE HAT.

Rules on the Important Matter Which Prevail Among the Parisians.

On the proper method of performing that salutation known as "raising the hat" there have always prevailed rather conflicting opinions in France. Sometimes Frenchmen lifted their hats in three distinct motions, carefully performed; at other times they removed them with a sweeping and somewhat rounded gesture. A certain Comte de Larmaudie, in his so-called physiological study of the Faubourg St. Germain for the year 1820, has now laid down rules respecting the coup de chapeau which are based on the precedents furnished by the most modern and most fashionable members of the very best society in the city.

The man of fashion, according to the count, must now remove his hat in saluting with a broad sweeping gesture, which is at the same time elegant and brusque. The hat, having remained well aloft for a while, must be brought down on the head quickly, like a sword into its scabbard. The person saluting should preserve an impassive countenance as much as possible while going through his elegant evolutions, but the count does not find fault with a little smile on the features, or the satisfied simpering movement being either patronizing or familiar, as occasion may require. The noble professor of etiquette also dilates eloquently on the tone and temper to be adopted by patricians toward "vague" people.

Such persons—being almost *quantities negligeables*—should be treated with patronizing airs, subjected to stony stares, spoken to in quick, sharp almost imperious tones, and saluted with brisk celerity. "Vague" persons—by whom are meant *roturiers* in general—should also be coldly received when making inquiries respecting the health of the lady relatives of their patrician patrons. On the whole the count does not by no means be seen from those precepts, to make whatever remains in France of the old aristocracy more unpopular than ever with the "vague" people, who are mostly, of course, republicans. In the conclusion of his intense and profound study he has also some hints on pronunciation. It is now the quintessence of chic to say *comment les vous* for *comment all ez vous*, and "club," which was hitherto called "clib," is now "cloob," this being a nearer approach to the English pronunciation of the word. Finally, just as in England "Majoribanks" is called "Marchbanks," "Castellane" is to be pronounced "Caslane," "Talleyrand" "Talrand" and "Croy" "Crouy." Care must must also be taken to speak of a certain nobleman not as "Bisaccia," or "Bizache," but as "Bisse."

Ten Millions Per Annum.

Ten millions is the amount fixed by the late William H. Vanderbilt as a reasonable competence for anybody. Ten millions is all a man needs, he used to say. What [illegible] beyond is mere surplus. Yet the [illegible] single estates in New York [illegible] accumulating at the [illegible] year.

[illegible] Millionaires Are Dangerous.

The man [illegible] that he can make it a night in the West is not the dead shot who has killed a dozen men," said an old miner from Arizona at the Midland last night, as the [illegible] and the tenderfoot. The former is quick, cool and level headed, and when he shoots he shoots to kill. The latter is a [illegible] into a fight and will never listen to reason or common sense. The moment he gets into trouble he thinks that his duty is to draw a revolver and [illegible] shooting. He may [illegible] hit the [illegible] he is trying to kill. He is more likely to hit [illegible] one. He is like the fool-kid [illegible] if we are compelled [illegible]

[illegible] Mr. Maxwell [illegible]

[illegible] The Paris [illegible] that there is a system of [illegible] degrees as we [illegible] Fahrenheit. The former is [illegible] in quick, cool and level headed and when he shoots he shoots to kill. The latter is [illegible] into a fight and will never listen to reason or common sense. The moment he gets into trouble he thinks that his duty is to draw a revolver and [illegible] shooting. He may [illegible] hit the [illegible] he is trying to kill. He is more likely to hit [illegible] one. He is like the fool-kid [illegible] if we are compelled [illegible]

MISSING LINKS.

An Interesting Batch of Newsy Items of all Sorts and Sizes.

Mrs. Catherine Smitley of Salt Creek township, Muskingum County, Ohio, is hale and hearty at the age of one hundred and two.

Two centenarians living in the neighborhood of Alton, England, have been great smokers and moderate drinkers all their lives.

A Fremont, Mich., man owns a hen which lays at night, a proceeding which he claims is as phenomenal as the night air ale hay like a horse.

In China when the rain is too abundant, the officials set the images of the native gods out in the rain to induce them to stop the down-pour.

A dramatic representation of the adventures of Stanley is being prepared for one of the English theaters, which will present it in grand style.

Aunt Mary Flaherty, of Jonesboro, Me., aged ninety-one, has solved the servant girl problem. She refuses to have help and does her own work.

How are the mighty fallen! A heroic-size figure of the British lion is to be used to ornament the grave of a patent medicine man in a Yankee graveyard.

J. A. Howells, recently appointed Postmaster at Jefferson, Ohio, is a brother of William D. Howells, the novelist. They are now both men of letters.

"Who will punish you if you tell a lie?" asked a London police magistrate of a small child the other day. "Nobody," answered the little girl, confidently.

It is said that the Empress Augusta left very full and carefully written memoirs, in which a clear account is given of her differences with Prince Bismarck.

In Denmark most of the girls are trained in agriculture, which is there an important industry. The owners of farms receive pupils, who undergo a regular training.

Eight varieties of leprosy are recognized in China, and the disease is regarded as contagious, infectious and hereditary, but is said to disappear in four generations.

Jules Ferry has returned to Paris from the south of France very much changed for the worse. His whiskers are snow-white, and his face is marked by lines of age and care.

One of the most beautiful women in Paris, the marquise de Galliffet, is suffering from a peculiar form of insanity. She goes into convulsions whenever she sees her face in a mirror.

In a Philadelphia cemetery there is planted the lower limb of a prominent Grand Army man who visits the place on each holiday to decorate the resting place of his deceased member.

Count Wilhelm Bismarck, the second son of the Prince, is pre-eminently the favorite of his father. He is a man of ability, and holds the position of Governor of the Province of Hanover.

Christopher Columbus lives at Egg Harbor City, N. J. He recently testified there in a murder case. Christopher said that death, in his opinion, was not too great a punishment for an extravagant wife.

Ex-Minister Foster says that the foreign debt of Mexico now aggregates $120,000,000. He estimates the amount of American capital invested in Mexican railways, mining, and other enterprises at $100,000,000.

A practical joker at Slatington, Pa., circulated the report that a young man of the place contemplating matrimony wanted a piano, and his life was made miserable by piano agents, who swarmed from all directions.

The whole cost of the great Forth bridge is estimated at $10,000,000. It has been calculated that the chief strain of the bridge would stand a thrust of more than forty-eight thousand tons before showing signs of giving way.

It is said that in the depths of Africa the natives still retain the memory of Sir Samuel Baker, and especially of his wife, who traveled there with him fifty years ago. They call him, it is said, "Long-beard," and his wife "Morning Star."

Chief Bushyhead of the Cherokee Nation offers an original suggestion for the solution of the race problem. He would send all the blacks to Africa and all the whites to Europe. Then all the land would naturally revert to the redskins, the original owners of the country.

The Viscountess Kingsland, who recently died in London at an advanced age, led a sad life. She was the widow of the last Viscount Kingsland, who died more than fifty years ago. Through the dishonesty of a trustee the Viscountess was reduced to extreme poverty and was forced to earn her living with her needle.

Seth C. Maker of Seattle claims to have beaten the world's record on a typewriter, writing 125 words in one minute, or 396 letters and seven punctuation marks, without a mistake. The fastest record heretofore was made by a boy in Chicago, who wrote 121 words or 384 letters in a minute. Mr. Maker has written over 1,000 words in ten minutes several times.

Carl Schurz does not appear to change a particle in appearance, and can be recognized as easily today by the cartoons Tom Nast drew of him in 1876 as he could then. Mr. Schurz is not a handsome man either in figure or face. [illegible] is long and cadaverous, with [illegible] and a stern nose that [illegible] the air

FARM, FIELD AND GARDEN.

SUBJECTS OF INTEREST TO PROGRESSIVE CULTIVATORS.

Should Our Horses Be Shod?—Ideas Advanced by English Authorities on the Subject Which Do Not Agree with Whar-Commonly Entertained.

Do and wont have so accustomed us to shod horses that it will appear to many to be absurd to discuss the practice. But it is not by any means the first time that the wisdom of nailing an iron shoe on the hoof of a horse has been called in question. Some years ago the matter was hotly debated, when the advocates of the shoeless system came in for the abuse usually awarded to the pioneers in any reform. The Royal Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals also gave it out that they would prosecute any one who rode or drove a horse without shoes, being convinced that it would be a piece of cruelty to do so. There are, however, it would appear from the Pall Mall Budget, not a few English owners of horses who have converted the theory into practice. Following are some instances cited:

A doctor in considerable practice in the north of London has been driving one of his horses for nearly a year past without shoes, and his experience confirms in the fullest degree the views of the Rev. J. G. Wood, as set out in his book on "Horse and Man," a perusal of which induced him to make the experiment. When the shoes were first removed the hoofs were soft, and in order that they might harden and so return to their natural condition, the horse was kept on a hard floor in the stable for three months. That is a costly but necessary preparation where shoes have been used, but later economies will more than balance the account. At the close of the period named he was put to work, and notwithstanding the tear and wear in all weathers and on hard and soft roads indiscriminately, the hoofs are today perfectly sound.

Frost makes no difference to the surefootedness of the unshod animal, and while the horses of London practitioners were confined to the stable owing to the slippery condition of the roads, he went his rounds with absolute safety. This is a clear demonstration that a horse can do traction work without shoes with distinct advantage both to the animal and the owner, and the Rev. J. G. Wood contends that it can do saddle work also better than when shod on any description of road. Veterinary surgeons, farriers and grooms may be skeptical, but practice is better than theory. The following are the advantages which one of the author's correspondents sets out as the result of his personal experience:

1. Five or six pounds per annum are saved by non-shoeing, including the cost nails in winter.

2. Can gallop on a wood covered with ice, when other ho[illegible] are not safe, even with the use of frost nails.

3. The weight of the shoes is taken off the feet, which is a considerable help to the horse.

4. The foot, [illegible] that from the Dog and down to the ground, leaves no recipacle for stones.

5. There is none of the concussion by far caused by the shoes, so that the horse travels freer and lighter.

The doctor's groom, who is an enthusiastic convert to the new system, not only confirms these advantages, but claims that the animal is saved from various diseases of the foot caused by shoeing, while its surefootedness is most remarkable. It steps high and goes well, and at the end of a day's work its feet are perfectly cool.

CATCH CROPS AMONG FRUIT.

The Difficulty of Growing Two Crops at Once, Without Injury to either.

The question what to plant for a catch crop is an important one to the fruit grower at any period of his career, but especially so to the beginner, who is preparing out all the time without any possibility of gathering a profitable crop from even the strawberries in less than a year. To the difficulty of growing two crops at the same time, without injury to either, is added the question of gathering and the problem of profit, as affected by the increased cost of production. The tree fruits give but little trouble, as any hoed crop can be grown, excepting such as require very high manuring, like cabbages and onions.

Of the small fruits strawberries give very little opportunity for growing anything else, although some plant them twelve inches apart in the row and plant a single eye of some dwarf potato, like Early Ohio, between. Onion sets may also be put in, provided it is done early; and on high priced land, near a city, the rows of strawberry plants may be set four and four and a half feet apart, and a row of early cabbages, or onions, or early sweet corn may be grown; but this means a good deal of hard labor that must be hired cheaply if a profit is to be expected.

A correspondent in Vick's Magazine, authority for the above, once tried the experiment of growing early cabbages between rows of strawber[illegible] three feet apart. The g[illegible] long neglected garden spot [illegible] duced a crop of weeds that [illegible] cession. There was [illegible] cultivation [illegible] and the cabbag[illegible] [illegible] dense [illegible] [illegible] to [illegible]

IMPROVEMENT OF MEADOWS.

Methods That Are Approved in Various Sections of the Country.

It is generally conceded that barn yard manures, either coarse or rotted, are the very best fertilizers for meadows, especially when evenly spread. Chemical manures may be added with good effect, though these are not a leading. Gypsum applied just as the crop is starting in growth is decidedly beneficial on light soils. Bone meal is second to none,

[illegible] Gazette.

[illegible], JUNE 12, 1[illegible]

FRED K. [illegible], [illegible] FRANK STEVENEY,
Editors and Proprietors.

LAWS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

1. Subscribers who do not give explicit notice to the contrary are considered as wishing to renew their subscriptions.

2. If subscribers order the discontinuance of their periodicals, the publisher may continue to send them until all arrearages are paid.

3. If subscribers neglect or refuse to take their periodicals from the post-office to which they are directed they are responsible until they have settled their bills and ordered them discontinued.

4. If subscribers move to other places without informing the publisher, and the papers are sent to the former address, they are held responsible.

5. The courts have decided that refusing to take periodicals from the office of reception and leaving them uncalled for, is prima facie evidence of intentional fraud.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.

The following named persons are announced as candidates for the office specified below, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

HARRY D. WHEELER, of Delmar
C. H. TREMAINE, of Lawrence.
C. H. DEWITT, Mahoosuc, Pa.

DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION.

The Democratic State Convention of Pennsylvania will assemble at the Academy of Music, in the city of Scranton, at 10 o'clock a. m. on WEDNESDAY, JULY 2, 1890, to nominate candidates for Governor, Lieutenant-Governor and Secretary of Internal Affairs. The Convention will consist of representative delegates chosen under the rules of the party from the several Assembly Districts, one for each 1,000 Democratic votes cast at the last preceding Gubernatorial election, or for a fraction of 1,000 such votes amounting to 500 or more in the respective representative districts, provided that each representative district shall have at least one delegate.

ELLIOTT P. KISNER,
Chairman State Democratic Committee.

ONE of the latest schemes is a plan to consolidate all the cities and towns around New York bay and make a larger New York. The movement has taken definite shape and a committee composed of influential men has been appointed to make the preliminary arrangements.

THE House of Representatives last Saturday passed the Republican caucus substitute for the Treasury Silver Bill by a vote of 135 to 119. An effort to pass a free coinage measure failed. Eight Republicans voted with the Democrats against the bill. But one Democrat voted with the Republicans for the passage of the bill.

AN astounding story comes from Pittsburg. In effect it is that Bayne is to be made a United States Senator and Quay Governor of the State. The report cannot be traced to any authentic source, yet many skilled politicians are inclined to believe that the present row in the Republican camp will end in some such deal.

"THIS is a fine bargain which McKinley offers," says the Chicago *Tribune*, (Rep.) "He gives to the farmers $5,000,000, and he takes from the American people, 40 per cent. of whom are farmers, $108,000,000, which is to go into the pockets of manufacturers and middlemen. This is what the Western House members are taking home with them as a sweet boon to their farming friends and town constituents."

COLONEL WILLIAM A. STONE, to whom Thomas M. Bayne turned over his Congressional nomination, in the Twenty-third district, on Tuesday of last week, has written a letter to the Republican voters, resigning his claims to the nomination and expressing his willingness to have new primaries. A Pittsburg dispatch says: "The county committee will meet on the 14th instant and will order new primaries. Colonel Stone will be a candidate, but it is doubtful whether he can secure the nomination."

UNDER the leadership of Mr. Carlisle, the Democrats of the Senate assert that they will studiously avoid anything that will give the Republicans excuses for delay in the consideration of the tariff bill. They say they are determined that the majority shall have every opportunity to go on with their own work after their own fashion, and that with them shall lie all the responsibility. They avow they are perfectly willing that the Republicans shall hang themselves, and they are not going to be stingy about giving them rope.

THE Supreme Court of this State recently decided that a guest at a hotel or restaurant table is entitled to all the food that is placed before him, and that he is privileged to carry away for future consumption whatever he may not be able to eat at the time. The New York *Star* in referring to this decision says: "This may be good law, but it is not good manners. Perhaps the decision may be a reflex of the teachings of the Pennsylvania Republican school of politics, whose habit has always been to grab all within reach, regardless of decency and the rights of others."

ARKANSAS Republicanism has nominated Bet[illegible] for President [illegible] Congress in the [illegible] district. It is not a [illegible] to be the [illegible] in the face of high heaven and of the American people. It is an attempt to give an angel of the devil without alleviating his tail or sawing off his horns. It takes dollars from the fathers and returns them dimes. It does not impose a single duty which will help the Kansas farmer. What do we care about the duty on eggs and on hay? The Lord preserve us, but what with the McKinley bill, the sophistries of the Reed-Cannon-led crowd in the lower house of Congress and hypocritical prohibition, if the Republican party in Kansas don't hear something drop next November, then twenty-seven years in the editorial service has only fitted us for the insane asylum.

IRISH RAW MATERIALS DEMANDED.

From the Philadelphia News Rep[illegible]

It is never safe to underestimate the strength of an enemy, and for that reason this is no time to laugh at the meeting held Tuesday in Kensington and at the Walnut Street Theatre to protest against the McKinley tariff bill.

It is true that these meetings were arranged by free traders, it is true that free traders of the most pronounced type—like Breckenridge, of Kentucky, Bynum, of Indiana, Springer, of Illinois, and McAdoo, of New Jersey—addressed the gatherings; but the enormous attendance of workingmen showed that there was something in the topics touched upon that Philadelphia's toilers regarded as of the highest importance, and that "something" was the plea for free raw materials.

PROTECTING THE FARMERS.

American Made Goods Sold Cheaper to Foreigners Than to Home Consumers.

(From the Buffalo Courier.)

One of the tracts published by the Tariff Reform Committee of the Reform Club shows how much cheaper American manufactures are sold abroad than at home, as a result of the tariff. There are two monthly journals in New York which are devoted exclusively to the export trade in American manufactures, the *American Mail and Export Journal* and the *Australasian and South American*. Their principal features are price lists of goods for foreign consumption, but these are not allowed to circulate in this country, for the reason, as given at the office of publication, that the prices quoted [illegible] much lower than the large dealers could get the articles for to sell in this country. *The Engineering and Mining Journal* also publishes monthly a price current with discounts to the export trade exclusively. In these journals foreign firms advertise their facilities for selling American goods, and ask that catalogues giving the lowest price for export may be sent them, promising that they will be strictly confidential. The Boston, New York and Philadelphia firms which export American manufactures are obliged to show their bills of lading to the manufacturers to prove that the goods have actually been sent abroad and not disposed of in this country. The effort made to sell these manufactures in South America and Australia on account competition with European makers prove the absurdity of the plea that the high wages paid American mechanics would not permit the reduction of the tariff duties upon them.

Agricultural implements are largely sold abroad, and a common statement of the manufacturers is as follows: "Our prices to the domestic trade average about 10 per cent. more than to the export trade. We box and deliver in New York all our export goods; domestic goods are quoted on cars here." Cultivators, on which there is a protective duty of 45 per cent., as there is on most of the articles to be named, are quoted for the home market at from $7.20 to $11; for export the price of the same goods is from $4.50 to $8.40. Plows for Americans to use, from $5.60 to $10.50; for foreigners, from $5.04 to $9.45; a member [illegible] sell his shovels to his fellow citizens at from $9.20 per dozen to $10, and to foreigners at from $7.86 to $8.55, while another manufacturer advertises 15 to 20 per cent. off the list price for the home market, and 33½ per cent. for exportation. The axe makers have been charging $7.76 and $8.24 per dozen to the domestic, and $6.75 and $7.20 to the foreign trade, and they have recently formed what the *Iron Age* calls "a very strong association," and advanced prices about $2. Anvils sell to Americans at 8.1 cents per pound, and to foreigners at 7.3 cents, but as the McKinley bill raises the duty on them, the makers will doubtless be able to do still better by the foreigners. Knives, forks, spoons, etc., which sell at home for $4.36, can be purchased for export at $3.73. On trucks the discount to home trade is 40 per cent., and to the foreign trade 50 per cent. Scales, which run from $6.00 to $87.50 for use in America, when they are to go abroad can be had for $5.40 to $78, while the discrepancy in the price of hay scales is marked by the difference between $225 and $202.50. Padlocks which sell at home for $7.20 per dozen go to exporters for $6. The foreigner may buy for $2.20 the American tacks for which the American citizen is charged $2.65. The close combination which controls the production of wood screws charges the home dealer $10 and the exporter $6.66, and the difference between the prices of rivets sold for [illegible] and sold for foreign [illegible] is that between $4.55 and $4.50. Car[illegible]

TANNER'S BIG FORTUNE.

Pension Attorney Has Made $100,000 This Year By Work.

(Washington Dispatch to the N. Y. Herald.)

Corporal Tanner says he expects to make about $100,000 this year from his business as pension attorney and hopes to double that amount next year and keep on increasing it till he makes, perhaps, $400,000 per annum in filing claims for pensions. He has already received a large number of advance applications under the new bill, not yet passed. This new pension bill to which Mr. Tanner refers is neither the Morrill "service" bill nor the "dependent" bill which was considered in the Senate, but it will be a new measure which the conference committee for both houses will bring forth.

It will, Mr. Tanner says, give to every soldier of the late war who served ninety days or more and who is disabled from whatsoever cause a pension of $8 per month. It is expected to add $40,000,000 annually to the pension list and increase the present number of pensioners 400,000. As each applicant will pay a fee of $10 in order to secure a proper consideration of his claim, it will be seen how rich a harvest, $4,000,000 in round numbers, the pension attorneys are anticipating in the passage of the bill.

How profitable is the business of pension attorneys is shown in Mr. Tanner's case. Six months ago Mr. Tanner opened an office in this city as a pension attorney. He now regrets that he did not enter this field twenty years ago and amass a fortune, as he has every reason to believe he could. He told me to-day that his practice is growing enormously. He has already received 3,441 advance applications for pensions under the new bill which Congress will pass this session.

The liberal terms in which this bill is drawn will enable practically every one of the foregoing applicants to secure his pension, and as each application to Tanner is accompanied by a fee of $10, it will be seen that the "Corporal's" half year's income from this source alone will not fall far short of $35,000.

In addition to the foregoing there have been filed with Mr. Tanner 2,000 applications to date for pensions under the our rent law, and as from sixty-five to seventy-five per cent. of such claims are usually allowed, the receipts from this quarter will swell his earnings about $18,000 more. At this rate Mr. Tanner's income will somewhat exceed $100,000 a year, and as it is growing fast he expects that it will soon be trebled or quadrupled.

PRESERVING HUMAN BODIES.

A Discovery of a German Professor is Likely to Prove of Great Value.

As stated in the last issue of the GAZETTE, a number of physicians from Washington, New York and other places are at Philippi, West Virginia, investigating the wonderful discovery of a German farmer named G. W. Hancock, who claims that in an hour he can mummify a body without making an incision of any sort or removing any part of the body, so that it may be taken around the world without ice or arsenical fluids. Mr. Hancock has lived for years at Philippi, and until a few days ago no one ever knew why he always kept the place closed. It has been discovered that the old five-room log hut is full of curiosities. It is full of mummies, both of brutes and human beings. In this house lie the bodies of two adults, natural as in life; every particle of the skin exposed to the air, blood, brains and viscera remaining. In the veins and arteries the blue and black blood stand out as clear and natural as when these people lived and walked.

The fingers and toe nails show the pink flesh of life, and on the cheek of one who died of consumption the scarlet mark of that disease remained clear and distinct. For two years exposed to the air, without decay or odor, these bodies have lain in this man's house just above his bedroom. His process is a discovery of his own. In the door that leads to his bedroom a huge white cat sits guard, its tongue, undecayed, lolling out as if it were about to lap milk. For four years that cat has been the sole guard of that lonesome door. On the mantel, in an attitude of running, a dog, cats, rabbits, pigs, squirrels, chickens and even a calf are to be seen, all as natural as life.

GENERAL NEWS.

The Latest Information From All Quarters of the Globe.

—Ex-President Hayes is said to be worth $1,000,000.

Hop vines in Puyallup, Wash., recently grew thirteen inches in fourteen hours.

The dissipated wife of a shoemaker committed suicide last week by going over Niagara Falls.

Grace Gridley, a 19-year-old girl living in Amboy, Ill., is said to have slept continually for two months.

—A Toronto agency is said to get from $20 to $30 a head for smuggling Chinamen into the United States.

—The condition of the farming land in Maine is becoming a serious question owing to the continued heavy rains.

—Speaker Thomas B. Reed has been renominated for Congress by the Republicans of the First Maine District.

—One hundred thousand dollars is considered a low estimate of the loss occasioned by the recent floods at Arcadia, Wis.

—Sixty people were poisoned at Union City, Mich., last week, by drinking milk from improperly cleaned cans. No lives were lost.

—The [illegible] of Boston started on a [illegible] excursion last Sunday morning [illegible] repaired and all were [illegible]

—The [illegible] of Buckshaw, Neb., was destroyed by a cyclone last week Wednesday. Thirteen people were instantly killed and a large number seriously injured. The loss of property is estimated at $350,000.

—A man in Gallitzin, Cambria county, recently bought a pair of mules for $140 and discovered while taking them home that one of them had a plaster of paris hoof. He found it out by the false hoof sticking in the mud.

—Erastus Lovette, of Boise, Pa., is 104 years old, yet he does not appear to be more than fifty. He visits friends ten miles away on foot, has plenty of hair and teeth, and draws a pension as a veteran of the war of 1812.

—A bloody fight between Arnauts and Servians has taken place on the Servian frontier. The Ottoman and Servian governments have telegraphed an inquiry into the affair. The Arnauts killed and wounded thirty five Christians, robbed the dead and violated the women.

—Western Iowa was deluged by heavy rains last week. All Cedarwood thirty-five houses were wrecked and five miles of railroad track washed away. Long stretches of the Milwaukee and Rock Island railroads were submerged by fifteen feet of water, and several of the small towns were flooded to a depth of five feet throughout.

—The new hotel to be erected by the Astors at the corner of Fifth avenue and Thirty-third street, New York, will be ten stories high, fire proof, and will be built around a central court. All the best points of the great hotels in this country and on the continent will be introduced in its construction. Work will begin in November. It will cost $2,000,000.

—The Standard Oil Company authorities have just purchased the Forest Oil Company for $1,600,000. The Forest Oil Company is the largest producing company in the world, with 50,000 acres of producing territory, and its receipts in the past ten years were $4,940,000. The Standard is also negotiating for the purchase of the Anchor Oil Company, the second largest and richest producing company in existence.

A passenger train on the Northwest railroad was thrown from the track near Rockford, Ill., last Friday. A gang of section men were working about 200 feet from the point where the engine left the rails. Before they could get out of the way the train ran them down. The entire train was wrecked and the engineer and four section men were killed. The fireman received fatal injuries. None of the passengers, strange to say, were dangerously hurt.

—The New Orleans *Daily Delta* says: The winner of the capital prize in to-day's drawing was the Louisiana State Lottery Company. It disposed of 100,000 tickets at $20 each, amounting to $2,000,000, and offered prizes amounting in all to $1,945,800, leaving in the hands of the company the difference, $945,200, which in our judgement is the capital prize. At least 30 per cent. of its own prizes are drawn by the company itself, which would amount to $316,440 more, making a grand total of $1,261,640.

—Joseph Horst, a wealth farmer of Lebanon county, was acquitted last week of the charge of cruelty to animals in sawing off the horns of his cattle in November. It was a test case, and had the defendant been convicted a number of prosecutions would have followed. The dehorning of cattle, which has been observed for some years in the West, has been but recently introduced in Eastern Pennsylvania. Many farmers are opposed to it. Experts were examined from all parts of the country. The preponderance of testimony was in favor of the defendant. A number of witnesses swore that they regarded the practice a humane one. It was shown that Horst had dehorned fifty head of cattle.

Some time since the First National Bank, of Providence, R. I., loaned $5,000 to a produce dealer named Alanson, taking as security 392 cases of eggs stored with a warehouse company. Alanson used the eggs from time to time, but replaced those taken by other eggs so that there were always 392 cases in the warehouse. Finally he failed, paying six cents on the dollar, and the bank looked for its security, he saw. When the bank finally sent for the eggs they were worthless, and the Board of Health ordered them buried, which was done. Now the bank sues the warehouse company in the Supreme Court for $5,000, claiming that they agreed to keep the eggs safe, and the company claims that they kept the eggs safe, not a shell being broken, but they could not prevent them from spoiling.

—A Lockport (N. Y.) dispatch says: A most remarkable phenomena is reported from the outlying country districts regarding [illegible] and [illegible] the recent severe rain storm. A farmer named Jasper Bacon, residing fifteen miles north-west of here with his family, were singularly affected. The house seemed to be enveloped in a bluish, hazy light. The air was pregnant with the electric fluid. Balls of fire danced along the tops of chairs and slid over mantels or chased each other up and down a hanging lamp shade. It was a terrible night to the simple country folk. There were no lights in the house and their terror was increased by the total paralysis of their muscles. They were unable to move and sat like mummies, fearing their end was near. The storm lasted for four hours, and as it departed the electricity vanished and the use of their limbs returned. The occurrence is vouched for by the farmer himself and the correspondent who sent it to the daily papers here.

GAZETTE GLEANINGS.

Matters of Interest in Adjoining Counties and Neighboring Places.

—Ten cows were killed by lightning near Leraysville, Bradford county, last Thursday, while standing under a tree.

—Many farmers in the vicinity of Troy are so discouraged with the havoc of dogs, that they are going out of sheep farming.

—There is considerable interest about Canton over the new coal fields that C. S. Green and others are opening up at Ralston. There are three veins, one of them being five feet in thickness.

—James Yates, the engineer of a portable saw-mill was blown to pieces on the [illegible] the boiler on Tuesday of last week [illegible] Springfield, Bradford county. [illegible] of the explosion was [illegible] yards, a distance of [illegible] were scattered [illegible] strewn in pieces [illegible]

—The Erie Railway Company has [illegible] on foot for [illegible] the distance fifty miles between New York and Buffalo. Two [illegible] for a new [illegible] to connect the Delaware, [illegible] with the [illegible] Lackawanna & Western [illegible] Delaware, Lackawanna & Western [illegible] at Scranton. The [illegible] are [illegible] to [illegible] the [illegible]

—The Knights of Labor [illegible] Friday [illegible] a [illegible] instrument for the [illegible] of unfaithful [illegible] employees. The [illegible] a [illegible] presence of the Lamp [illegible]

Four government surveyors have been killed by Indians in Wyoming. The Indians were on a big spree and demanded whisky which was refused them.

Thomas Launey, a prominent citizen of Shamokin, has brought suit for $50,000 against the Shamokin borough for injuries received while [illegible] Augnst by falling into a ditch.

Italy and Germany, in giving their votes in the [illegible] for the [illegible] of the Egyptian debt, [illegible] that £150,000 be applied yearly to abolishing the Corvee.

[illegible] on a [illegible] Philadelphia [illegible] Thursday [illegible] was [illegible] by [illegible] of the [illegible] and the [illegible] sold by all the [illegible] New York [illegible]

—A [illegible] in the [illegible] of [illegible] and the [illegible] of [illegible] Tariff Reform Club, No. 38 [illegible] street, New York, publishes a copy of the [illegible] Sherman [illegible] which [illegible] have it.

TIOGA'S REAL ESTATE.

Transfers as the State[illegible] Our Last Issue.

Following are brief abstracts of deeds filed in the Register and Recorder's office since our last report:

Elk—James A. Drake and wife et al. to Fremont B. Farr, 3,000 acres, $60,000.

Delmar—Mary J. Frost to Floyd J. and Amy C. Taylor, 7 acres, $800.

Tioga—Catherine Donnelly to Cora Wood, 2.1 acres, $75.

Charleston—John C. Chapman and wife to William Chapman, 137½ acres, $1,650.

Knoxville—Clark W. Beach et al. to Adelbert A. Myers, lot, $650.

Knoxville—Adelbert A. Moore and wife to Martha S. Peck, lot, $75.

Brookfield—Francis E. Fuller et al. to Sally Fuller, lot, $400.

Richmond—I. K. Parkhurst et al. to George C. Sayles, lot $1,000.

Knoxville—John Goodspeed [illegible] wife to James C. Goodspeed, [illegible] $1,000.

Westfield—Austin Edgcomb to Jesse Edgcomb, lot $300.

Tioga—William Barrick to Joseph M. Rice, 2 acres, $100.

Westfield—Ira Wheelock, executor, conveys to Harriet Van Horn, [illegible]

Brookfield—James S. Sargent and wife to Perry D. Skinner, 2 acres, $1,000.

Westfield—R. Kinsley and wife to Ella A. Hatch, [illegible]

Richmond—Clarence E. Allen to O. V. Elliott, 10 rods square, $1.

Liberty—John Baker and wife to Julia Nelson, 10 acres, $2,500.

Lawrence—Philo N. Houghtaling and wife to Sarah E. VanBrocck, 84 acres, $1,400.

Middlebury—L. A. Hurlbutt, administrator, to George Hawley, 1 acre, $100.

Knoxville—Charles Stone and wife to Addie E. Pride, ¼ acre, $500.

Westfield—B. C. Strang et. al. to Johnson & VanDusen, lot, $300.

Wellsboro—Andrew J. VanDusen and wife to Frank A. Johnson, lot, $2,300.

Westfield—Frank A. Johnson and wife to Andrew J. VanDusen, lot, $800.

Wellsboro—M. M. Converse and wife to Frank A. Johnson, lot, $1,200.

Jackson—Frank Robinson to Grant Storms, 12.8 acres, $300.

Westfield—Lizzie Borden and husband to W. H. Shirley, ¼ acre, $1,200.

Delmar—Pennsylvania Joint Lumber and Land Company to Addison C. Boyden, 53 acres, $477.

MARSHFIELD MENTION.

A Little Boy Bitten in the Face by a Vicious Dog—Other Local Jottings.

C. B. Watrous has his saw-mill again under full headway and is doing lively work. John Purhan, who owns the other mill, is not running at present, but is the happy father of twins.

The Literary Society held at Frank Farley's proved a success.

Mr. Harvey Champney's two-year-old boy was playing with the family dog recently, when the savage cur suddenly seized the little fellow by the cheek. The boy screamed with pain and fright. The parents rushed into the room where he was and saw a terrible sight. The boy's face was covered with blood and his cheek badly mangled. Although the wound was serious the little fellow is recovering.

Mr. Joshua Berauser lost a valuable cow recently.

Fish are scarce in this region, though the fishermen are plenty.

June 9, 1890. JANE TURNER.

Death of Mrs. F. Schanbacher.

Mrs. Frederic Schanbacher passed quietly to her rest last Wednesday afternoon. She had been ailing for over a year, but was confined to her bed only three weeks. The deceased was born in Liberty township, and was in the 70th year of her age. She had resided in Elk the past twenty three years. She and Frederic Schanbacher had lived together fifty-one years and raised a family of twelve children—five girls and seven boys—all of whom with her husband, mourn her death. The funeral services were held at the house on Friday afternoon by Rev. Mr. Peterson, ten of the children being present. The deceased had been a member of the M. E. Church for many years. She was a model wife and mother, and not alone was she a benefit to her own family but to the community in which she lived, being always ready to minister unto the sick and needy. H. E. S.

Elk, June 10, 1890.

Low Prices for Butter.

—A Lockport (N. Y.) dispatch says: A most remarkable phenomena is reported from the outlying country districts regarding [illegible] and [illegible] the recent severe rain storm. A farmer named Jasper Bacon, residing fifteen miles north-west of here with his family, were singularly affected. The house seemed to be enveloped in a bluish, hazy light. The air was pregnant with the electric fluid. Balls of fire danced along the tops of chairs and slid over mantels or chased each other up and down a hanging lamp shade. It was a terrible night to the simple country folk. There were no lights in the house and their terror was increased by the total paralysis of their muscles. They were unable to move and sat like mummies, fearing their end was near. The storm lasted for four hours, and as it departed the electricity vanished and the use of their limbs returned. The occurrence is vouched for by the farmer himself and the correspondent who sent it to the daily papers here.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars reward for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

West & Truax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists,
E. H. Van Hoesen, Cashier, Toledo National Bank, T

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Sold by all Druggists.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is continually proving its merit as a reliable medicine, by the many cures it is effecting. This positive merit is the secret of its wonderful and unparalleled success. All we ask of any one taking a good medicine is that Hood's Sarsaparilla be given a fair trial. We know that it is prepared with the greatest care from the best ingredients it is possible to obtain, that its Peculiar Combination, Proportion and Process do give it superior curative power, and that for all diseases or affections caused by impure blood or low state of the system, it is absolutely unequalled. It will cure, when in the power of medicine, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Boils, Pimples, all Humors, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Catarrh, Kidney and Liver Complaints, etc.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

"I suffered a great while with dyspepsia. I was urged to try Hood's Sarsaparilla, and have taken two bottles. It has entirely cured me of dyspepsia, and a scrofulous affection has also entirely disappeared. I can heartily find words to express my high appreciation of Hood's Sarsaparilla." ALFRED H. MEHOLM, City Hotel, Lancaster, Penn.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The marked benefit which people in run down or weak state of health derive from Hood's Sarsaparilla, conclusively proves the claim that its "effects are those the weak strong." It does not act like a stimulant, imparting fictitious strength from which there must follow a reaction of greater weakness than before, but by creating just those elements which the system needs and readily seizes, Hood's Sarsaparilla builds up in a perfectly natural way, all the wasted parts acts upon the blood as a purifier and vitalizer, assists to healthy action the kidneys and liver.

"I have sold three times as much Hood's Sarsaparilla as of all others combined in my 17 years in business." W. D. MELICK, Sunbury, Penn.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

"I have used Hood's Sarsaparilla and find that it accomplishes all that is claimed. I was troubled with a breaking out of the skin, commonly called 'hives.' Hood's Sarsaparilla gave me immediate relief. I can cheerfully recommend it to all those similarly troubled." WM. GALLAGHER, Weigh-master 9th Ward Gas Works, Philadelphia, Penn.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

Hood's Sarsaparilla

"Seven years ago my little boy was bitten by a spider. The poison entered his blood, and sores soon broke out about his body; they itched terribly and caused him intense suffering. Finally we tried Hood's Sarsaparilla, and he took one bottle and one-third of another, when the sores disappeared. He has not had a sore upon him since, and is perfectly cured." WM. H. H. WARD, Downington, Penn.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

I have taken two bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla for nasal catarrh and dyspepsia, with which I was troubled very much. After taking two bottles I am feeling as well as ever in my life. I consider and advertise to others that Hood's Sarsaparilla is the best blood purifier." G. W. LOSH, Pottsville, Penn.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

"For three years I suffered with dyspepsia, growing so bad that I was at one time completely broken down in health. I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla on trial, and seeing that it was doing me good, continued with it. After taking six bottles I gained strength and appetite and was restored to my former health." JOHN E. BUNNELL, Brookville, Penn.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

BARGAINS IN CROCKERY.

R. G. AUSTIN & CO.

have just received a very large stock of

Decorated and Plain Crockery,

CHINA AND GLASSWARE,

which has been purchased at very low prices, and we propose to give our customers the benefit of these

Astonishing Bargains!

Call and be convinced that we have the goods and bargains to offer you. We also have a large assortment of

PARLOR AND HANGING LAMPS,

which we are offering at rock-bottom prices, in order to clean up stock and make room for other goods.

Wellsboro, May 8, 1890. R. G. AUSTIN & CO.

NEW MILLINERY GOODS

FOR SPRING AND SUMMER.

JUST RECEIVED AT

THE FAIR

WELLSBORO, PA.

All the latest styles and novelties in Millinery. New stock of Ribbons, Feathers, etc. A full line of

Hosiery, Handkerchiefs,

AND LADIES' UNDERWEAR.

Our Five and Ten Cent Counters

are filled with everything for Spring trade. Please call and examine our stock and get prices.

March 13, 1890. M. & M. WITHOUT.

Spring and Summer, 1890.

We call the attention of the public to the fact that we have purchased, after a careful survey of the New York market, an unusually attractive stock of new goods. We have all the novelties of the season in

Dress Goods and Dress Trimmings

to match, Spring Jackets and Silk and Beaded Wraps, HOSIERY a line of fast colored Ladies' and Children's black hose. Every pair is warranted to be indestructible black and stainless.

Gloves, Lace Mits and Underwear.

A LEGANT LINE OF

CARPETS!

from the cheapest [illegible] to the best [illegible] Ingrains and Velvet, in all the [illegible] and [illegible] very lowest [illegible] and inspection

Men's, Youths', Boys' and Children's Clothing

MAX BERNKOPF & BRO.

Bargains To-day! Bargains Every Day!

TEAS, COFFEES AND SPICES

AT IMPORTERS' PRICES.

Whether you want $1 worth or $10,000 worth, go to

JOHN KENNEDY'S

102 & 104 EAST WATER ST., ELMIRA, N. Y.

The great [illegible] only [illegible]

ACCOMPLISHED AT LAST.

MY NEW

Friction Feed

IS A SUCCESS.

Come to my shop and see a saw carriage driven by this wonderful motor. We will give you a 90-mile ride free of charge. It is always harnessed and ready to go. Saw-mill men are particularly invited to come and take a "go easy."

R. H. EDWARDS,

WELLSBORO, PA.

VALENTINE RETTIG,

—DEALER IN—

ALES AND PORTER.

THE LEADING BRANDS.

All Kinds of Pop

Also the Celebrated Bedford Ginger Ale.

Manufacturer of and Dealer in

Wellsboro and Corning Bottling Works.

My Pops and other Summer drinks are pronounced the best in the market. All orders from Tioga county will receive prompt attention. Address VALENTINE RETTIG, 82 & 90 Market St., Corning, N. Y.

PARLOR SHOE STORE,

JAS. A. BOYCE.

Ladies' Shoes	$1.00 to $3.00
Misses' Shoes	1.00 to 2.00
Men's Shoes	1.00 to 3.00
Boys' Shoes	1.00 to 2.00
Children's Shoes	.50 to 2.00

Fine Slippers in great variety, at prices from 50 cents to $4.00.
Best Shoe Dressing—black and russet.

ESTABLISHED 1864.

First National Bank

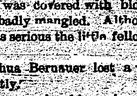
OF WELLSBORO, PA.

J. L. ROBINSON, Pres't. T. M. ROBINSON, Cashier.
D. L. BAILEY, Assistant Cashier.

CAPITAL STOCK, $100,000
SURPLUS, $100,000

INTEREST [illegible] DEPOSITS

ST. JACOBS OIL



Sure Cure.

CURES PERMANENTLY

SPRAINS.

Relieved Pain in Back. [illegible] Testimonials Cheerfully Rendered. Chronic Cases the Most Curious.

Testimonials Cheerfully Rendered. Chronic Cases the Most Curious.

St. Jacobs Oil Cures STIFFNESS, Stiff Neck, Sorene[illegible] SORE THROAT, Wounds, Cuts, Swellings

Safely, Promptly and Permanently

DIRECTIONS IN 11 LANGUAGES.

THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO. BALTO. MD.

THRESHING MACHINES

THRESHING ENGINES and [illegible]

WAGNER & COURTNEY.

The Perfect Wonder

[illegible]

Paris Groon

AT

SPALDING'S

Corner Drug Store.

VAN HORN & JENNINGS'

Wall Paper Emporium,

NEXT DOOR TO THE POST-OFFICE.

is the leading establishment for Wall Paper, Books, Stationery, etc

PAPERING AND DECORATING

A SPECIALTY.

A full force of skilled workmen constantly on our employ. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

VAN HORN & JENNINGS

LOCAL NOTICES.

SPRING styles in Millinery at the Fair.

TEAS and Coffees a specialty at J. R. Bowen's.

GREATER KING.—"Perfect Wonder," at Dr. Eastman's.

AN elegant new line of feathers, flowers, ribbons, etc., at the Fair.

FRESH Eggs, good Butter, splendid Cheese and Potatoes at Bowen's.

TRIMMED Hats, Trimmed Bonnets and Millinery novelties at the Fair.

FRESH Cabbage, Parsnips, Onions, Garden and Field Seeds at Bowen's.

LOOK at Milliken & Padgett's special offer in the advertising columns.—tf.

J. R. BOWEN has a fresh new line of goods. Give him a call and get good bargains.

I BUY my goods fresh and keep a large line of everything to be found in a first-class store. J. R. BOWEN.

I AM sole agent for the celebrated Pillsbury Flour. Give it a trial, and get the best flour your ever had. J. R. BOWEN.

PARTIES having cases or bottles belonging to me will confer a favor by notifying the same. the Expressman, who will call for VALENTINE REITER.

June 5, 1890-2t.

UNDER the auspices of the University Extension and Home Culture Society, of Chicago, following a plan suggested by President Eliot, of Harvard University, a "union" examination for admission to a number of colleges will be held June 21st, beginning at 9 o'clock a. m., at St. James rectory, at Mansfield, under the direction of Rev. J. B. Blanchet, chief examiner. A prize of fifty dollars is offered for the best entrance examination paper. Provision will be made at the same examinations for first and second honors in ancient and modern languages, mathematics, the sciences, history, medicine, music, theology, etc., on the plan of the famous University of London. The examinations are open to all persons, whether they intend to go to college or not. The names of successful candidates and those entitled to certificates of honor will be published in the reports of the society. Candidates can receive full information by addressing the Treasurer of the Society, F. W. Harkness, 147 Throop St., Chicago, Ill.

Wellsboro Gazette.

THURSDAY, JUNE 12, 1890.

New Advertisements.

Estray Cattle—Charles Morse.
Paris Green—Geo. M. Spalding.
Sheriff's Sale—P. M. Power, Sheriff.
Bargains Every Day—John Kennedy.
Important to Soldiers and Others—H. M. Pottenger.
Delmar School Notice—Delmar School District.

LOCAL AND COUNTY AFFAIRS.

—Have you "summered?"

—Day laborers find plenty of work.

—It's English to serve strawberries unstemmed.

—Mr. A. F. Dodge has opened a new store at Elmer.

—It is reported that Elkland is to have a large new hotel.

—The county jail has been empty for the past two weeks.

—Tennis is one of the popular pastimes at Knoxville.

—The band stand at Covington is to be converted into a lockup.

—Work was commenced on the Grant street sewer last Monday.

—Mr. [illegible]ttiker, of Coudersport, has become a resident of Gaines.

—One [illegible] newspapers for 25 cents at the [illegible] for 15 cents.

—Vanity [illegible] is the name of the new [illegible] at Westfield.

—Mor[illegible] open Township [illegible]

—A gr[illegible] ceola will [illegible]

—Knox[illegible] sidewalk[illegible]

—Mr. [illegible] his photograph [illegible]

—Weltner[illegible] materialize [illegible]

—The [illegible] making [illegible] July.

—Miss Mamie Campbell has opened a Summer school [illegible] Elkland.

—There are twenty-[illegible] county, with a membership [illegible] persons.

—The price of refined sugar has advanced $2.50 per barrel within the past days.

—A Tioga Creek man has 127 swarms of bees. He had 5,000 pounds of surplus honey last year.

—Mr. Samuel Dongle, formerly of this place, is [illegible] a grocery and [illegible] Corning.

—Rev. [illegible] Ernest and Anna Chase [illegible] have gone to Rochester [illegible] Wednesday.

—[illegible] VI. on the capital of the [illegible] Hall of [illegible] at the capital [illegible] again.

—[illegible] of [illegible] Tioga a Sabbath [illegible] at the [illegible] of the [illegible] Sunday.

—[illegible] will be [illegible] the [illegible] will preach [illegible] morning. Mr. Coe was an [illegible] and [illegible] Wood pecker while caring for a dead body. He had a slight [illegible] on his finger—the poison got in his system.

—A vicinity exchange tells about hailstones last week which split great rocks, reduced sawlogs to powder, dug holes 20 feet deep in the earth, and started a great water spout. The vicinity exchange will succeed a spout if the editor doesn't draw it a trifle milder.

—Among other features of the celebration at Tioga on the Fourth will be a band contest for a prize of $50. Dr. Robert B. Smith has been chosen president of the day, Major Charles H. Ryan, marshal, and General R. C. Cox and F. G. Babcock, assistant marshals.

—If the weather is favorable the Wellsboro band will give an open air concert in Monument Square to morrow evening. Following is the programme

March, "Swell Shot," T. H. Robinson
Andante and Waltz "Katie," W. E. Pether
March, Major Morlock, H. L. Wilson
Song Duet, "Serenade Italie," W. E. Pether, Harry Hall
March, "Relay," W. H. Thomas.

—Mrs. J. P. Simmons, of Westfield, met with a serious accident last week Tuesday. She went to the barn to harness the family horse, which had always been a gentle beast, and while having hold of the halter shall, the horse pulled back suddenly, breaking several bones in her right hand.

—An Italian water carrier on the Pine Creek railroad, in attempting to board a moving car near Blackwell's last Friday, slipped and fell upon the track. The wheels passed over his left leg, crushing it in a fearful manner. He was brought to Wellsboro and the injured limb amputated above the knee. He was unable to rally from the shock and died early Saturday morning. He was 17 years of age.

—The carpenters of this place are complaining of the scarcity of work and the poor prospects for the future. Several contemplate going to other places to secure work. Mr. William Trull left on Monday for Muskegon, Mich., where he has secured a steady situation at good pay. These men should be given employment and kept at home. It isn't a good sign to see carpenters leaving a town to obtain employment.

—A few days ago Mr. Charles Horton, of Mainesburg, went hunting and while discharging his gun a piece of the cap flew back striking him full in the eye. He suffered great pain in consequence of the injury, and finally the eye began to decay and the inflammation threatened to destroy the sight of the other eye. He went to Elmira last Friday and Dr. Thad S. UpdeGraff entirely removed the organ which was rapidly disintegrating.

—Mr. Robert Campbell, an old and well-known resident of Delmar, died from a stroke of paralysis early yesterday morning. He was 81 years of age and had been in feeble health for some time. On Tuesday morning he left home to visit his son, a short distance away, and a few hours later he was found in the meadow near his house in an unconscious condition. He was removed to his home, but did not rally from the fatal stroke.

—What are the boys of this place, who are fast growing up, going to do for employment? The openings for them here seem to be very scarce indeed, and young fellows who ought to be earning something are idle out of sheer inability to get something to do. The man who will make work for the boys that will keep them employed, will be a public benefactor, and every man who employs and pays a boy is a friend to the human race.

—The Lawrenceville *Herald* says: "John Hanley, an old and respected citizen of Tandley, N. Y., was instantly killed on May 31st while returning home from this place. As he was driving through the village of Lindley in company with his wife, the carriage wheels ran into a rut or ditch and the shock threw him out of the vehicle, striking upon his head, breaking his neck and instantly producing death."

Dr. Abel Humphrey, a former resident of Tioga, died on June 1st at Centre Hill, Fla. Deceased was about 75 years of age and located at Tioga in 1840, where he commenced teaching school. Later he studied medicine and successfully practiced his profession in that part of the county for many years. At one time he was Associate Judge of the county, and afterwards held the office of Special Mail Agent under the Post-Office Department.

The Supreme Court has decided the Potter county tax cases in favor of the county and against the land barons. The county is thus saved $35,000 by the stand taken by the County Commissioners and the Associate Judges. It would appear from this that there is some benefit to be derived from having Associate Judges on the bench. Perhaps some of them do not possess but little legal ability, yet the majority are endowed with a fair amount of "horse sense."

—A suit before a justice and a jury in Steuben county recently is of interest to newspaper subscribers and publishers. The suit was brought to collect an account of $8 from a subscriber of the Cohocton *Times*. The defendant claimed that he had never subscribed for, or ordered the paper, but that the paper had been sent to him without his request. The jury concluded, however, that having taken the paper for eight years, it was time he paid for it, and gave a verdict accordingly.

—The issue of May 29th the GAZETTE stated that three Commonwealth patents dated September 2, 1835 December 7, [illegible] and June 5, 1838, each conveying [illegible] acres, situate in Morris to William [illegible] and Jr., and [illegible] had been [illegible] the [illegible]

[illegible] Fast Mail [illegible] have been greatly annoyed the past week [illegible] the last mile [illegible] of the mail [illegible] persons who have visited their premises under the [illegible] of darkness and [illegible] from the [illegible] many beautiful [illegible] The other night a Purple street family left the week's washing on the line. The next morning many of the articles were found to have been torn to shreds, and thrown on the ground. The work seems to have been perpetrated out of pure cussedness, and if the contemptible wretches are detected they should be given the extreme penalty of the law.

—The Williamsport *Sun* says: "Last night at a late hour a card of rates for funeral and obituary notices, cards of thanks, etc., for [illegible] of which a [illegible] and [illegible] for all of which a fund will be [illegible] Hon. [illegible] to go to the [illegible] he went."

—Mrs. Edward Stratton, nee Miss Virginia Yoder, died at Elmira last Wednesday of consumption. The remains were brought to Tioga on Friday for [illegible] had a home [illegible] in West Run and Union.

—The [illegible] of Vi[illegible] on the capital of the [illegible] Hall of [illegible] at the capital [illegible] again.

—[illegible] of [illegible] Tioga a Sabbath [illegible] at the [illegible] of the [illegible] Sunday.

—[illegible] will be [illegible] the [illegible] will preach [illegible] morning. Mr. Coe was an [illegible] and [illegible] Wood pecker while caring for a dead body. He had a slight [illegible] on his finger—the poison got in his system.

—A vicinity exchange tells about hailstones last week which split great rocks, reduced sawlogs to powder, dug holes 20 feet deep in the earth, and started a great water spout. The vicinity exchange will succeed a spout if the editor doesn't draw it a trifle milder.

—Among other features of the celebration at Tioga on the Fourth will be a band contest for a prize of $50. Dr. Robert B. Smith has been chosen president of the day, Major Charles H. Ryan, marshal, and General R. C. Cox and F. G. Babcock, assistant marshals.

—If the weather is favorable the Wellsboro band will give an open air concert in Monument Square to morrow evening. Following is the programme

March, "Swell Shot," T. H. Robinson
Andante and Waltz "Katie," W. E. Pether
March, Major Morlock, H. L. Wilson
Song Duet, "Serenade Italie," W. E. Pether, Harry Hall
March, "Relay," W. H. Thomas.

—Mrs. J. P. Simmons, of Westfield, met with a serious accident last week Tuesday. She went to the barn to harness the family horse, which had always been a gentle beast, and while having hold of the halter shall, the horse pulled back suddenly, breaking several bones in her right hand.

—An Italian water carrier on the Pine Creek railroad, in attempting to board a moving car near Blackwell's last Friday, slipped and fell upon the track. The wheels passed over his left leg, crushing it in a fearful manner. He was brought to Wellsboro and the injured limb amputated above the knee. He was unable to rally from the shock and died early Saturday morning. He was 17 years of age.

—The carpenters of this place are complaining of the scarcity of work and the poor prospects for the future. Several contemplate going to other places to secure work. Mr. William Trull left on Monday for Muskegon, Mich., where he has secured a steady situation at good pay. These men should be given employment and kept at home. It isn't a good sign to see carpenters leaving a town to obtain employment.

—A few days ago Mr. Charles Horton, of Mainesburg, went hunting and while discharging his gun a piece of the cap flew back striking him full in the eye. He suffered great pain in consequence of the injury, and finally the eye began to decay and the inflammation threatened to destroy the sight of the other eye. He went to Elmira last Friday and Dr. Thad S. UpdeGraff entirely removed the organ which was rapidly disintegrating.

—Mr. Robert Campbell, an old and well-known resident of Delmar, died from a stroke of paralysis early yesterday morning. He was 81 years of age and had been in feeble health for some time. On Tuesday morning he left home to visit his son, a short distance away, and a few hours later he was found in the meadow near his house in an unconscious condition. He was removed to his home, but did not rally from the fatal stroke.

—What are the boys of this place, who are fast growing up, going to do for employment? The openings for them here seem to be very scarce indeed, and young fellows who ought to be earning something are idle out of sheer inability to get something to do. The man who will make work for the boys that will keep them employed, will be a public benefactor, and every man who employs and pays a boy is a friend to the human race.

—The Lawrenceville *Herald* says: "John Hanley, an old and respected citizen of Tandley, N. Y., was instantly killed on May 31st while returning home from this place. As he was driving through the village of Lindley in company with his wife, the carriage wheels ran into a rut or ditch and the shock threw him out of the vehicle, striking upon his head, breaking his neck and instantly producing death."

Dr. Abel Humphrey, a former resident of Tioga, died on June 1st at Centre Hill, Fla. Deceased was about 75 years of age and located at Tioga in 1840, where he commenced teaching school. Later he studied medicine and successfully practiced his profession in that part of the county for many years. At one time he was Associate Judge of the county, and afterwards held the office of Special Mail Agent under the Post-Office Department.

The Supreme Court has decided the Potter county tax cases in favor of the county and against the land barons. The county is thus saved $35,000 by the stand taken by the County Commissioners and the Associate Judges. It would appear from this that there is some benefit to be derived from having Associate Judges on the bench. Perhaps some of them do not possess but little legal ability, yet the majority are endowed with a fair amount of "horse sense."

—A suit before a justice and a jury in Steuben county recently is of interest to newspaper subscribers and publishers. The suit was brought to collect an account of $8 from a subscriber of the Cohocton *Times*. The defendant claimed that he had never subscribed for, or ordered the paper, but that the paper had been sent to him without his request. The jury concluded, however, that having taken the paper for eight years, it was time he paid for it, and gave a verdict accordingly.

—The issue of May 29th the GAZETTE stated that three Commonwealth patents dated September 2, 1835 December 7, [illegible] and June 5, 1838, each conveying [illegible] acres, situate in Morris to William [illegible] and Jr., and [illegible] had been [illegible] the [illegible]

[illegible] Fast Mail [illegible] have been greatly annoyed the past week [illegible] the last mile [illegible] of the mail [illegible] persons who have visited their premises under the [illegible] of darkness and [illegible] from the [illegible] many beautiful [illegible] The other night a Purple street family left the week's washing on the line. The next morning many of the articles were found to have been torn to shreds, and thrown on the ground. The work seems to have been perpetrated out of pure cussedness, and if the contemptible wretches are detected they should be given the extreme penalty of the law.

—The Williamsport *Sun* says: "Last night at a late hour a card of rates for funeral and obituary notices, cards of thanks, etc., for [illegible]

JOE'S PARTNERS.

From the time he settled in the camp he was forever picking up the stray [illegible] who came along, no matter how [illegible]

[illegible] perfectly [illegible] as the result of [illegible] and destitute [illegible] a few weeks' time, but just [illegible]

[illegible] when [illegible] came along, [illegible] circumstances [illegible]

Some of them coughs'll cut [illegible] these [illegible]

"Some of that, [illegible] without," answered Joe.

He was an [illegible] whose work only [illegible] men who [illegible] Joe's claim they would grow rich [illegible] it.

The wonder was that no one [illegible] partners had stuck long enough [illegible] test the fact.

"Joe's too confounded lazy [illegible] no good in the whole kith and kin of them," the camp pronounced. "They never exhibited to do nothin' but impose on his good nature; and I tell you what, boys, it's no credit to the camp to have them hangin' round, and I propose, if he don't let up on his promiscuous charity, to be one of the committee that'll warn him to get out. He may be willin' to run the risk of bein' robbed and murdered hisself, but 'taint fair to ask all the rest of us to do the same."

"Time enough to talk when somebody's been robbed and murdered," said Joe, when the speech was reported to him.

And it was not more than a week later that news went around that Joe had taken another partner.

"Nigher to bein' a cadaver than a live man to judge by his looks," declared the informant. "I reckon that Joe, at last, has got hold of the angel he's been lookin' out to entertain unawares. He'll be goin' to jine 'em afore long, sure. To take a graveyard with, scein' as Tipsy Bill disappointed us by jumpin' into Deep River when he got the jams, and Big Saul was run out of camp afore he killed his man. Be to our credit if we get a natural death to start with."

This favoring view of the case was helped along when they found Joe laboring alone on his claim a day or two afterward.

"Pard's laid up to-day," he imparted. "Got the consumption, boys, and is most gone with it. Coughs dreadful of nights, an' has a bit of a girl wife waitin' for him to go back to her. I'm a goin' to work double hours to make up his pile for him, and if any of you uns wants to help, here's the chance for you. I ain't exin' it out of your pocket, understand, but in work on the claim."

And Joe got the promise from every man present to do his share.

Work it any wonder, then, that their indignation rose, on their return to camp, to find their cabins rifled of their ready dust and the consumptive gone, leaving no trace behind him?

Joe was the most crestfallen man of the lot.

"I wouldn't have believed it," he declared. "If you can make up your losses out of my claim, boys, I'll be glad to have me do it. I've got to give it up now, for you was right and I was wrong 'bout pickin' up strangers that way."

"Then let it be a lesson to you, Joe. We'll forgive and say no more about it, if you won't take up with any more partners."

And Joe promised readily.

A month went by, and then one day he appeared before them.

"I want you to let me off on my word, boys. 'Tain't in nature to run him off best a bit of a boy; no harm in him. You'll say so, I know."

And in spite of their prejudices they did say so, for the pale lad, who scarcely looked more than sixteen, touched their warm hearts with a feeling of pity, and he was gladly became a favorite among them, so willing was he to [illegible] so eager to be of [illegible]

[illegible] "Joe's too [illegible]

[illegible] "Then I'm [illegible]

[illegible] "Pshaw, boys, he's given you a bluff! It was Andy I seen. Out of the way, Joe, or this here'll go off."

[illegible] from Joe.

Then there was a rough, cut short [illegible] the miner who had seen himself robbed, as he believed, was now thoroughly aroused and careless as to consequences.

There came a cry from the near darkness:

"Don't shoot! I'm here. Oh, Joe, are you hurt?"

Joe had started and staggered back leaning against the wall, but now he groaned, less from pain than at finding Andy beside him.

"You'd orter's got. I'm sheared I can't save you now."

"Save me from what, Joe? I've done nothing wrong. You men, what is it you think? that I've been robbing you? Go home and look at your dust. You'll find more there than you had of your own, for I've been paying back as I can what was taken from you and Joe's last partner. I died it this way because I didn't want to tell how he was my pa."

All reckon we knew, broke in one of the men, quicker witted than the rest. "Maybe your name's Annie instead of Andy."

It was all right, and Joe's wound was not serious, and some time afterward this news was passed through camp.

"Joe took a life pardner this time. One he tried before you know what he's about. She's a brick, that [illegible] back every stiver of that [illegible]

[illegible] took a life pardner this time. One he tried before you know what he's about. She's a brick, that [illegible] back every stiver of that [illegible]

Some Peculiar Plants.

A very funny plant in the government botanical garden, says a Washington letter to the Boston *Transcript*, is the so-called barber plant, the leaves of which are used in some parts of the east by rubbing on the face to keep the beard from growing. It is not supposed to have any effect on a beard that is already rooted, but merely to act as a preventative. boys employing it to keep the hair from getting a start on their face. It is also employed by some Oriental people who desire to keep parts of their heads free from hair, as a matter of fashion.

Also found in the botanical garden is the "cornel plant," which is so designated because it catches bullet flies and kills them for sport. Its flowers attract the poor little flutterer by the honey it offers, and when the victim lights upon it it grabs the butterfly by the head and holds it fast until the captive dies. Then the two drop to the ground and lies in wait for a fresh unfortunate.

A curious looking tree from the isthmus of Panama bears a round red fruit as big as an apple, which has this remarkable faculty, that its juice, rubbed on tough beef or chicken, makes the meat tender by the chemical power it possesses to separate the flesh fibers. One is interested to observe in the botanical green-house three kinds of plants that have real communion of the lungs: the leaves, of course, being the lungs of a plant. The disease is manifested by the turning of the leaves from green to white, the affection gradually spreading from one spot until, when a leaf is all white, it is just about to die. Strangely enough, as it would seem, the gardners only try to perpetuate the disease for the sake of beauty and curiosity, all plants of those varieties that are too healthy being thrown away.

The Modern Literary Sneak.

The greatest danger in literature today is not from what can be truthfully called sinful books, says Edward W. Bok, in the *Ladies' Home Journal*; so much as from what is termed the "suggestive" novel, in which sin is gilded and hinted at, but not openly told. And this is the novel which is working infinite damage to hundreds and thousands of girls and women. Let an author write a novel in which sin is openly portrayed, and the law lays his hand upon him and the publisher who, issues it. Besides, such a book is rarely successful, since it cannot find an open market, and sin openly told is always revolting even to the most hardened mind. But it is the "suggestive" novel, which *actually* tells nothing, yet suggests the most debasing vices. The author knows just how far he can go in his nefarious traffic, and keep on the safe side of the law. With a supreme effort I can command a certain amount of respect for a really debasing novelist, for, in showing his true colors, he is like a dangerous sheal which I can avoid. But the "suggestive" novelist is a literary sneak and coward. Like a midnight assassin he pursues his trade in the dark, afraid of the light of day. He will hint at vice, suggest it and [illegible] but there is where he [illegible] will him in personal [illegible] ll grin at his [illegible] ll you that he [illegible] re the books [illegible] ey rob [illegible] f their [illegible] ictive.

[illegible] never, [illegible] may [illegible] will, [illegible] ory is [illegible] you. [illegible] e [illegible] this

She Bit the Bureau.

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